Qualification of Post-Installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete (ACI 355.4M-11)

An ACI Standard

and Commentary

Reported by ACI Committee 355



American Concrete Institute®



Qualification of Post-Installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete (ACI 355.4M-11) and Commentary

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An ACI Standard

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This standard prescribes testing programs and evaluation requirements for post-installed adhesive anchors intended for use in concrete under the design provisions of ACI 318M. Testing and assessment criteria are provided for various conditions of use, including seismic loading; sustained loading; aggressive environments; reduced and elevated temperatures; and for determining whether anchors are acceptable for use in uncracked concrete only, or acceptable for service both in cracked and uncracked concrete. Criteria are provided for establishing the characteristic bond strength, reductions for adverse conditions, and the anchor category and associated job-site quality control requirements.

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Keywords: adhesive anchors; cracked concrete; fasteners; post-installed anchors; qualification procedures; uncracked concrete.

CONTENTS Chapter 1—Introduction and scope, p. 3

- 1.1—Introduction
- 1.2—Scope
- 1.3—Units of measurement

Chapter 2—Notation and definitions, p. 5

- 2.1—Notation
- 2.2—Defintions

Chapter 3—General requirements, p. 11

- 3.1—Test organization
- 3.2—Variables and options
- 3.3—Test requirements
- 3.4—Assessment for multiple anchor element types for adhesive anchors
- 3.5—Assessment for alternate drilling methods

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Chapter 4—Requirements for test specimens, anchor installation, and testing, p. 17

- 4.1—Testing by ITEA and manufacturer
- 4.2—Test samples
- 4.3—Concrete for test members
- 4.4—Requirements for test members
- 4.5—Anchor installation
- 4.6—Drill bit requirements
- 4.7—Test methods
- 4.8—Tests in cracked concrete
- 4.9—Changes to products

Chapter 5—Requirements for anchor identification, p. 24

- 5.1—Basic requirements
- 5.2—Verification
- 5.3—Fingerprinting adhesive materials
- 5.4—Packaging

Chapter 6—Reference tests, p. 24

- 6.1—Purpose
- 6.2—Required tests
- 6.3—Conduct of tests

Chapter 7—Reliability tests, p. 25

- 7.1—Purpose
- 7.2—Required tests
- 7.3—Conduct of tests
- 7.4—Reliability tests
- 7.5—Sensitivity to hole cleaning—dry concrete
- 7.6—Sensitivity to hole cleaning—saturated concrete
- 7.7—Sensitivity to hole cleaning—water-filled hole
- 7.8—Sensitivity to hole cleaning—submerged concrete
- 7.9—Sensitivity to mixing effort
- 7.10—Sensitivity to installation in water-saturated concrete
- 7.11—Sensitivity to installation in water-filled hole—saturated concrete
- 7.12—Sensitivity to installation in submerged concrete
- 7.13—Sensitivity to crack width—low-strength concrete
- 7.14—Sensitivity to crack width—high-strength concrete
- 7.15—Sensitivity to crack width cycling
- 7.16—Sensitivity to freezing and thawing
- 7.17—Sensitivity to sustained loading at standard and maximum long-term temperature
- 7.18—Sensitivity to installation direction
- 7.19—Torque test

Chapter 8—Service-condition tests, p. 32

- 8.1—Purpose
- 8.2—Required tests
- 8.3—Conduct of tests
- 8.4—Tension tests in uncracked and cracked concrete
- 8.5—Tension tests at elevated temperature
- 8.6—Tension tests with decreased installation temperature
- 8.7—Establishment of cure time at standard temperature
- 8.8—Durability assessment
- 8.9—Verification of full concrete capacity in a corner
- 8.10—Determination of minimum spacing and edge distance to preclude splitting

- 8.11—Tests to determine shear capacity of anchor elements with nonuniform cross section
- 8.12—Simulated seismic tension tests
- 8.13—Simulated seismic shear tests

Chapter 9—Supplemental tests, p. 38

- 9.1—Round-robin tests
- 9.2—Tests to determine minimum member thickness

Chapter 10—Assessment of anchors, p. 39

- 10.1—Analysis of data
- 10.2—Normalization of anchor capacities for measured concrete bond and steel strengths
- 10.3—Establishing characteristic values
- 10.4—Assessment of characteristic tension capacity associated with concrete breakout and pullout
- 10.5—Assessment of steel tension capacity
- 10.6—Assessment of steel shear capacity
- 10.7—Assessment of minimum member thickness
- 10.8—Assessment of maximum tightening torque
- 10.9—Assessment of behavior under crack cycling
- 10.10—Assessment of freezing-and-thawing behavior
- 10.11—Assessment of sustained load behavior
- 10.12—Assessment of performance associated with installation direction
- 10.13—Assessment of performance at elevated temperature
- 10.14—Assessment of performance with decreased installation temperature
- 10.15—Assessment for cure time at standard temperature
- 10.16—Assessment of durability requirement
- 10.17—Assessment of performance in corner test
- 10.18—Assessment of performance in minimum spacing and edge distance test
- 10.19—Assessment of performance under seismic tension
- 10.20—Assessment of performance under seismic shear
- 10.21—Establishment of hole cleaning procedures
- 10.22—Establishment of on-site quality control and installation conditions
- 10.23—Assessment based on installation and environmental conditions
- 10.24—Assessment for fire exposure

Chapter 11—Data presentation, p. 51

- 11.1—General requirements
- 11.2—Contents of evaluation report
- 11.3—Data presentation

Chapter 12—Independent testing and evaluation agency requirements, p. 53

- 12.1—General requirements
- 12.2—Certification

Chapter 13—Quality control requirements, p. 54

- 13.1—Quality assurance program
- 13.2—Quality control manuals
- 13.3—Special inspection

Chapter 14—References, p. 54

- 14.1—Referenced standards and reports
- 14.2—Cited references

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CHAPTER 1—INTRODUCTION

1.1—Introduction

This standard prescribes testing and evaluation requirements for post-installed adhesive anchor systems intended for use in concrete under the provisions of ACI 318M. Criteria are separately prescribed to determine the suitability of adhesive anchors used in uncracked concrete only, or in both cracked and uncracked concrete. Criteria are prescribed to determine the design parameters and performance category for adhesive anchors. Included are assessments of the adhesive anchor system for bond strength, reliability, service conditions, and quality control. Special inspection (13.3) is required during anchor installation as noted in 10.22. Table 1.1 provides an overview of the scope.

R1.1 This standard prescribes the testing programs required to qualify post-installed adhesive anchor systems for design in accordance with ACI 318M, Appendix D. Appendix D requires that anchors be tested either for use exclusively in uncracked concrete or for use in cracked and uncracked concrete conditions, whereby it is understood that the presence of cracking may occur at any time over the service life of the anchors. Test and assessment criteria are provided for various conditions, including loads (seismic and sustained), environmental with regard to humidity and temperature, and determination if anchors are acceptable for use in cracked or uncracked concrete. Refer to Cook and Konz (2001) for a review of factors that influence adhesive anchor behavior. Refer to Fuchs et al. (1995) for background on the concrete breakout design model and to Eligehausen et al. (2006) and Zamora et al. (2003) for a discussion of bond models for adhesive and grouted anchors. For a discussion of issues associated with the qualification and design of systems for post-installed reinforcing bars, refer to Spieth et al. (2001).

1.2—Scope

This standard applies only to post-installed adhesive anchors as defined herein.

R1.2 Adhesive anchors resist tension loads with a combination of adhesion and mechanical bond (micro-interlock). Different anchor designs and adhesive types may exhibit a range of performance characteristics. In particular, the sensitivity of adhesive anchors to variations in installation and service-condition parameters (such as hole cleaning, installation orientation, and cracked concrete characteristics) may vary widely from each system. ACI 318M addresses this situation by matching capacity reduction factors to anchor performance categories that are, in turn, established through a series of reliability tests.

1.2.1 This standard applies to anchors with a diameter d_a of 6 mm or larger. The drilled hole shall be approximately cylindrical with a diameter $d_o \le 1.5 d_a$. This standard also applies to anchors with an anchor embedment depth h_{ef} not less than four diameters $(4d_a)$, or 41 mm, and an embedment depth not exceeding $20d_a$.

R1.2.1 The minimum diameter of 6 mm is based on practical considerations regarding the limit of structural anchor applications. The upper limit on the ratio of hole

Table 1.1—Overview of anchor systems

Anchor type	Embedded part	Assessment criteria	
Adhesive anchor	Threaded rods, deformed reinforcing bars, or inter- nally threaded steel sleeves with external deformations	Uncracked concrete	Table 3.1
		Cracked and uncracked concrete	Table 3.2 or Table 3.3

diameter to anchor element diameter provides a demarcation between conditions where a single bond strength can be used to evaluate anchor strength and conditions where bond strengths at both the anchor interface and concrete interface must be determined to evaluate anchor strength. In addition, the value of 1.5d_a is based on consideration of typical practice whereby most organic adhesives are used with thin bond lines to limit both adhesive shrinkage and creep of the anchor when under load. The design method deemed to satisfy the anchor design requirements of ACI 318M, Appendix D, is based on an analysis of an anchor database with a maximum diameter of 50.8 mm. While ACI 355.4M gives no limitations on maximum anchor diameter, for anchors beyond this dimension, the testing authority should decide if the tests described in this standard are applicable or if alternative tests and analyses are more appropriate. It may also be desirable to reconsider those tests where only small, medium, and large diameters are tested when the upper diameter is much larger than 38 mm.

A limitation on the minimum embedment length of adhesive anchors is necessary to ensure conformance with the design method deemed to satisfy the anchor design requirements of ACI 318M, Appendix D.

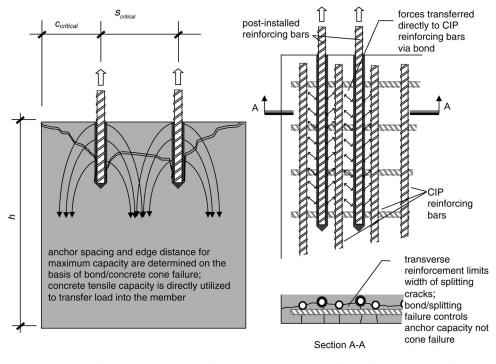
1.2.2 The minimum member thickness shall not be less than the value given by Eq. (10-21). Values of Δh in Eq. (10-21) shall be permitted if they are verified by tests according to Table 3.1, Test no. 14, and Table 3.2, Test no. 20, or Table 3.3, Test no. 15.

1.2.3 This standard does not address the following systems and use conditions:

- 1. Bulk adhesives mixed in open containers without automatically controlled metering and mixing of adhesive components.
- 2. Adhesives to adhere structural elements to concrete surfaces outside of a drilled hole.
- 3. Adhesive anchors in aggressive environments not specifically considered in this standard.
- 4. Adhesive anchors to resist fatigue or shock loading.

R1.2.3 Correct proportioning (metering) and mixing of adhesive components is critical to their performance. Bulk mixing and delivery of adhesives (for example, those with paddle mixers in buckets), while appropriate for some applications, may not provide anchor performance consistent with the assumptions of this standard. These systems are not considered to provide controlled metering of adhesive components. Bulk dispensing equipment that provides automatic metering and mixing of the adhesive components is included; however, ongoing monitoring is required to check that the equipment is operating within tolerances in accordance with the Manufacturer's Printed Installation

QUALIFICATION OF POST-INSTALLED ADHESIVE ANCHORS IN CONCRETE (ACI 355.4M-11) AND COMMENTARY



(a) Reinforcing dowels designed using anchor theory as addressed by this criteria.

(b) Post-installed reinforcement designed as a lap splice (not covered by this criteria).

Fig. R1.1—Examples of post-installed reinforcing bars proportioned with anchor theory and with concepts of reinforcement development and splicing.

Instructions (MPII), particularly with respect to mixture ratios, leak tightness, and dwell time.

This standard is not appropriate for assessing the use of adhesives to adhere structural elements to the concrete surface. Examples include bonded steel plates or external carbon fiber reinforcement. Other standards exist for these purposes. This standard includes tests to assess the sensitivity of adhesive anchor systems to a limited range of aggressive environments, including moisture, highly alkaline fluids, and sulfur dioxide. While it is believed that these exposure environments envelop a range of possible exposures, specific environments (for example, radiation exposure and chemical production environments) may require unique assessment.

Due to the variety of possible loading conditions associated with fatigue and shock loading, this standard does not include tests for these loading variants. Fatigue and shock loading may result in reductions in bond strength, steel strength, and concrete strength, and these effects are not addressed by this standard. Caution should be exercised in the determination of whether cyclic loading should be explicitly considered. These conditions may be evaluated separately for specific systems using generally accepted principles. Fatigue is generally less of a problem for the adhesive than for the anchor element; provisions of preload in the anchor to reduce the level of stress fluctuation in the anchor element is only effective if sufficient unbonded length is provided to ensure a reasonable degree of elastic stretch.

1.2.4 Adhesive anchors shall be evaluated for sustained loading with the provisions of this standard. Qualification of

adhesive anchors exclusively for short-term loads is not permitted by this standard.

- R1.2.4 While it is permissible to use adhesive anchors to resist short-term loads such as those from wind or earthquake, the sustained load tests and corresponding assessment described herein are not optional. All anchors qualified in accordance with ACI 355.4M are suitable for sustained loads within the use parameters established in the assessment (7.17 and 10.4.7).
- **1.2.5** Adhesive anchor systems shall exhibit characteristic bond strengths as determined in accordance with Eq. (10-12) equal to or exceeding the minimum permissible bond strength $\tau_{k,min}$. Adhesive anchor systems that do not exhibit characteristic bond strengths equal to or exceeding the minimum permissible bond strength in accordance with 10.2, shall not be qualified according to this standard.
- R1.2.5 ACI 318M, Appendix D, provides default bond stress values for specific constellations of use parameters that may be used in place of values from an evaluation report in accordance with this standard. Because the default values are independent of the adhesive anchor system selected, they represent minimum values for the assessment of any adhesive anchor system under this standard. The minimum values and corresponding use parameters are given in Table 10.2.
- **1.2.6** In general, ACI 355.4M is intended to address the assessment of adhesive anchors for cases where anchor design theory applies. It is not intended to address the assessment or design of post-installed reinforcing bars proportioned according to the concepts of development and splicing of reinforcement.

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