

Designation: F2306/F2306M - 20

Standard Specification for 12 to 60 in. [300 to 1500 mm] Annular Corrugated Profile-Wall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe and Fittings for Gravity-Flow Storm Sewer and Subsurface Drainage Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2306/F2306M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers requirements and test methods for annular, corrugated profile wall polyethylene pipe and fittings with an interior liner. The nominal inside diameters covered are 12 to 60 in. [300 to 1500 mm].

1.2 The requirements of this specification are intended to provide pipe and fittings for underground use for gravity-flow storm sewer and subsurface drainage systems.

Note 1—Pipe and fittings produced in accordance with this specification shall be installed in compliance with Practice D2321.

1.3 This specification covers pipe and fittings with an interior liner using a corrugated exterior profile (Fig. 1).

1.4 The products manufactured under this standard use either virgin or recycled (post-industrial or post-consumer) materials in accordance with the requirements specified for each.

1.5 Units—The values stated in either SI units or inchpound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the standard.

1.6 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 7, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.7 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
- D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications
- D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading
- D2444 Practice for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
- D3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
- D3350 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials
- D3895 Test Method for Oxidative-Induction Time of Polyolefins by Differential Scanning Calorimetry
- D4218 Test Method for Determination of Carbon Black Content in Polyethylene Compounds by the Muffle-Furnace Technique
- D4883 Test Method for Density of Polyethylene by the Ultrasound Technique
- D5630 Test Method for Ash Content in Plastics
- D7399 Test Method for Determination of the Amount of Polypropylene in Polypropylene/Low Density Polyethylene Mixtures Using Infrared Spectrophotometry
- F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems
- F477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.62 on Sewer.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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FIG. 1 Typical Annular Corrugated Pipe Profile

- F2136 Test Method for Notched, Constant Ligament-Stress (NCLS) Test to Determine Slow-Crack-Growth Resistance of HDPE Resins or HDPE Corrugated Pipe
- F3181 Test Method for The Un-notched, Constant Ligament Stress Crack Test (UCLS) for HDPE Materials Containing Post- Consumer Recycled HDPE
- F3308 Practice for Sampling and Testing Frequency for Recycled Materials in Polyethylene (PE) Pipe for Non-Pressure Applications

2.2 AASHTO Standard:³

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications

- LRFD, Section 12 Bridge Design Specifications Section 12 – Buried Structures and Tunnel Liners
- AASHTO M 145 : Classification of Soils and Aggregate Mixtures
- 2.3 Department of Agriculture Standard:

Standard 606 Soil Conservation Service Engineering⁴

2.4 Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)⁵

2.5 Military Standard:

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage⁵

2.6 NCHRP (National Cooperative Highway Research Program) Report:⁶

- NCHRP Report 631 Updated Test and Design Methods for Thermoplastic Drainage Pipe
- NCHRP Report 870 Performance of Corrugated Pipe Manufactured with Recycled Content

2.7 ISO Standard:7

ISO 15270 Guidelines for the Recovery and Recycling of Plastic Waste

⁷ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), ISO Central Secretariat, BIBC II, Chemin de Blandonnet 8, CP 401, 1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland, http://www.iso.org.

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for polyethylene is PE.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *design diameter, n*—the manufacturer's stated inside diameter.

3.2.2 *mold line*, *n*—a line formed on the product as a result of the mold blocks coming together during manufacturing.

3.2.3 *profile wall*, *n*—a pipe wall construction that presents an interior liner in the waterway but includes ribs, corrugations, or other shapes, which can be either solid or hollow, that helps brace the pipe against diametrical deformation.

3.2.4 *service temperature, n*—the average ambient temperature of the insitu conditions at which the pipe will be operating for the life of the project.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for product made to this specification shall include the following information to adequately describe the desired product:

- 4.1.1 This ASTM designation and year of issue,
- 4.1.2 Perforations:
- 4.1.2.1 With perforations,
- 4.1.2.2 Without perforations,
- 4.1.3 Diameters,
- 4.1.4 Total footage of each pipe diameter involved,
- 4.1.5 Pipe laying length, and
- 4.1.6 Virgin or recycled resins.
- 4.1.7 Fitting type(s):

4.1.7.1 Size and type of fittings, including mainline and branch diameters, and

4.1.7.2 Number of fittings per diameter.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Virgin Resin Products:

5.1.1 *Pipe and Blow-Molded Fittings*—The pipe and fittings shall be made of virgin PE plastic compound meeting the requirements of Specification D3350 cell classification 435400C or 435400E, except that carbon black content in compounds meeting cell classification 435400C shall be

³ Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, http://www.transportation.org.

⁴ Available from U.S. Government Printing Office Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Mail Stop: SDE, Washington, DC 20401. http:// www.gpo.gov/about/bookstore.htm

⁵ DLA Document Services Building 4/D 700 Robbins Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094 http://quicksearch.dla.mil/

⁶ Transportation Research Board, The National Academies 500 Fifth Street, NW Washington, DC 20001. http://www.TRB.org



greater than 2% but not exceed 4 %. Compounds that have a higher cell classification in one or more properties shall be permitted provided the density of the base resin compound without pigment shall not exceed 0.955 g/cm³ and all other product requirements are met. For slow crack-growth resistance, the plastic compound shall be evaluated using the notched constant ligament stress (NCLS) test according to the procedure described in 7.8. The average failure time of the five test specimens shall exceed 24 h with no single test specimen's failure time less than 18 h.

5.1.2 Rotationally Molded Fittings and Couplings— Compounds used in the manufacture of rotationally molded fittings and couplings shall be virgin PE meeting the requirements of Specification D3350 and cell classification 213320C or 213320E, except that the carbon black content in compounds meeting cell classification 213320C shall be greater than 2% but not exceed 4%. Compounds that have a higher cell classification in one or more properties shall be permitted provided the density of the base resin shall not exceed 0.940 g/cm³ and all other product requirements are met.

5.1.3 Injection-Molded Fittings and Couplings— Compounds used in the manufacture of injection molded fittings and couplings shall be made of virgin PE meeting the requirements of Specification D3350 and cell classification 414420C or 414420E, except that the carbon black content in compounds meeting cell classification 213320C shall be greater than 2% but not exceed 4%. Compounds that have a higher cell classification in one or more properties shall be permitted provided all other product requirements are met.

5.1.4 *Rework Material*—Clean rework material generated from the manufacturer's own pipe and fittings production shall be permitted to be used by the same manufacturer, provided that the material meets the requirements of 5.1.1 or 5.1.2 as applicable for the intended part and pipe or fittings produced meet all the requirements of this specification.

5.2 Recycled Resin Products:

5.2.1 *Recycled Resin Pipe*—The pipe containing any postconsumer or post-industrial recycled materials shall be made of PE plastic compound recovered and recycled in accordance with Guide ISO 15270 such that the final blended compound meets the following requirements in accordance with Specification D3350:

5.2.1.1 Cell classification 435400C or 435400E in accordance with Specification D3350.

5.2.1.2 The carbon black content in compounds meeting cell classification 435400C shall be equal to or greater than 2 % but not exceed 4% when tested in accordance with Test Method D4218. Compounds that have a higher cell classification in one or more properties shall be permitted provided the density of the compound shall not exceed 0.955 g/cm³ as tested in accordance with Test Method D4883 and all other product requirements are met.

5.2.1.3 For slow crack growth resistance, extruded pipe shall be evaluated using the notched constant ligament stress (NCLS) test according to the procedure described in 7.8. The average failure time of the five test specimens shall exceed 24 h with no single test specimen's failure time less than 18 h.

5.2.1.4 Crack initiation shall be tested in accordance with the procedures in 7.11. The average failure time of five test specimens shall exceed the minimum required for the applied tensile stress, service temperature and required service life required for the application.

5.2.1.5 Maximum level of polypropylene present by volume shall not be greater than 5 percent when tested in accordance with the procedures in 7.9.

5.2.1.6 Maximum ash content shall not be more than 2% in accordance with the procedures in 7.10.

5.2.1.7 Samples taken from the extruded pipe supplied to the project shall have a minimum Oxidative-Induction-Time of 20 min when tested in accordance with Test Method D3895 and break strain of 150 % when tested in accordance with Test Method D638.

5.2.1.8 Service life prediction shall be done in accordance with 7.11. The predicted service life shall meet or exceed 100 years.

5.2.1.9 All sampling and testing frequency for recycled resin pipe shall be in accordance with Practice F3308.

5.2.2 *Recycled Resin Fittings*—Fittings made from recycled resins are not permitted under this standard.

Note 2—Post-consumer recycled materials contain a wide assortment of polyethylene compounds, which may have a combination of high and low environmental stress crack resistance. Post-industrial recycled materials will have much more consistent quality of compounds, but they will be of the same stress-crack resistance. They may, therefore, have higher or lower environmental stress crack resistance than post-consumer materials. The F3181 test method will, however, provide predictable and reproducible results for either material.

6. General Requirements

6.1 *Workmanship*—The pipe and fittings shall be homogeneous throughout and be as uniform as commercially practical in color, opacity, and density. The pipe walls shall be free of cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions, or other defects that are visible to the naked eye and that may affect the wall integrity. The ends shall be cut cleanly and squarely. Holes intentionally placed in perforated pipe are acceptable.

6.1.1 Visible defects, cracks, creases, splits, obstruction to flow in perforations, or in pipe are not permissible.

6.2 Dimensions and Tolerance:

6.2.1 *Nominal Size*—The nominal size for the pipe and fittings shall be the inside diameter shown in Table 1.

6.2.2 *Inside Diameter*—The average inside diameter for pipe and fittings shall not vary more than $\pm 1\%$ from the design diameter when measured in accordance with 7.4.1.

Note 3—The outside diameters and the corrugation pitch of products manufactured to this specification are not specified; therefore, compatibility between pipe and fittings from different manufacturers or the same manufacturer shall be verified.

6.2.3 *Length*—The pipe shall be supplied in any length agreeable to both the owner and the manufacturer. Length shall not be less than 99 % of stated quantity when measured in accordance with 7.4.2.

6.2.4 *Minimum Inner-Liner Thickness*—The minimum inner-liner thickness of the pipe shall meet the requirements given in Table 1 when measured in accordance with 7.4.3.