BS EN ISO 12567-1:2010

Incorporating corrigendum November 2010



BSI Standards Publication

Thermal performance of windows and doors — Determination of thermal transmittance by the hot-box method

Part 1: Complete windows and doors (ISO 12567-1:2010)



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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 12567-1:2010. It is identical to ISO 12567-1:2010, incorporating corrigendum November 2010. It supersedes BS EN ISO 12567-1:2000 which is withdrawn.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by corrigendum is indicated in the by tags. Text altered by ISO corrigendum November 2010 is indicated in the text by $\boxed{AC_1}$ $\langle \overline{AC_1} \rangle$.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/540/8, Mirror committee for ISO/TC 163 - Thermal Performance and Energy use in the built Environment.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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July 2010

ICS 91.060.50; 91.120.10

Supersedes EN ISO 12567-1:2000

English Version

Thermal performance of windows and doors - Determination of thermal transmittance by the hot-box method - Part 1: Complete windows and doors (ISO 12567-1:2010)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 12567-1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163 "Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 89 "Thermal performance of buildings and building components" the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 12567-1:2000.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 12567-1:2010 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 12567-1:2010 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 12567-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163, *Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Test and measurement methods*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12567-1:2000), which has been technically revised.

ISO 12567 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Thermal performance of windows and doors* — *Determination of thermal transmittance by the hot-box method*:

- Part 1: Complete windows and doors
- Part 2: Roof windows and other projecting windows¹)

¹⁾ It is intended that, upon revision, the main element of the title of Part 2 will be aligned with the main element of the title of Part 1.

Introduction

The method specified in this part of ISO 12567 is based on ISO 8990. It is designed to provide both standardized tests, which enable a fair comparison of different products to be made, and specific tests on products for practical application purposes. The former specifies standardized specimen sizes and applied test criteria.

The determination of the aggregate thermal transmittance is performed for conditions which are similar to the actual situation of the window and door in practice.