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Supersedes
DIN EN 1999-1-5:2010-05

**Eurocode 9 –
Design of aluminium structures –
Part 1-5: Shell structures;
English version EN 1999-1-5:2007 + AC:2009,
English translation of DIN EN 1999-1-5:2017-03**

Eurocode 9 –
Bemessung und Konstruktion von Aluminiumtragwerken –
Teil 1-5: Schalentragwerke;
Englische Fassung EN 1999-1-5:2007 + AC:2009,
Englische Übersetzung von DIN EN 1999-1-5:2017-03

Eurocode 9 –
Calcul des structures en aluminium –
Partie 1-5: Coques;
Version anglaise EN 1999-1-5:2007 + AC:2009,
Traduction anglaise de DIN EN 1999-1-5:2017-03

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Translation by DIN-Sprachendienst.

In case of doubt, the German-language original shall be considered authoritative.

A comma is used as the decimal marker.

National foreword

This document (EN 1999-1-5:2007 + AC:2009) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 250 "Structural Eurocodes" (Secretariat: BSI, United Kingdom).

The responsible German body involved in its preparation was *DIN-Normenausschuss Bauwesen* (DIN Standards Committee Building and Civil Engineering), Working Committee NA 005-08-07 AA *Aluminium-konstruktionen (SpA zu CEN/TC 250/SC 9 und CEN/TC 135)*.

For this edition, only the German version has been amended. The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags **A₁₁** **A₁₁** to distinguish this from European amendments.

Amendments

This standard differs from DIN EN 1999-1-5:2010-05 as follows:

- a) the German translation has been amended linguistically. The English text is unaffected.

Previous editions

DIN EN 1999-1-5: 2010-05

ICS 13.220.50; 91.010.30; 91.080.10

English version

Eurocode 9: Design of aluminium structures – Part 1-5: Shell structures

Eurocode 9: Calcul des structures en aluminium –
Partie 1-5: Coques

Eurocode 9: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Aluminium-
tragwerken – Teil 1-5: Schalentragwerke

EN 1999-1-5:2007 was approved by CEN on 2006-10-11 and Corrigendum AC:2009 on 2009-11-04.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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Foreword

This European Standard (EN 1999-1-5:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC250 « Structural Eurocodes », the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2010.

CEN/TC 250 is responsible for all Structural Eurocodes.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Bulgaria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxemburg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom

Background of the Eurocode programme

In 1975, the Commission of the European Community decided on an action programme in the field of construction, based on article 95 of the Treaty. The objective of the programme was the elimination of technical obstacles to trade and the harmonisation of technical specifications.

Within this action programme, the Commission took the initiative to establish a set of harmonised technical rules for the design of construction works, which, in a first stage, would serve as an alternative to the national rules in force in the Member States and, ultimately, would replace them.

For fifteen years, the Commission, with the help of a Steering Committee with Representatives of Member States, conducted the development of the Eurocodes programme, which led to the first generation of European codes in the 1980s.

In 1989, the Commission and the Member States of the EU and EFTA decided, on the basis of an agreement¹ between the Commission and CEN, to transfer the preparation and the publication of the Eurocodes to the CEN through a series of Mandates, in order to provide them with a future status of European Standard (EN). This links de facto the Eurocodes with the provisions of all the Council's Directives and/or Commission's Decisions dealing with European standards (e.g. the Council Directive 89/106/EEC on construction products - CPD - and Council Directives 93/37/EEC, 92/50/EEC and 89/440/EEC on public works and services and equivalent EFTA Directives initiated in pursuit of setting up the internal market).

The Structural Eurocode programme comprises the following standards generally consisting of a number of Parts:

EN 1990	Eurocode 0:	Basis of Structural Design
EN 1991	Eurocode 1:	Actions on structures
EN 1992	Eurocode 2:	Design of concrete structures
EN 1993	Eurocode 3:	Design of steel structures
EN 1994	Eurocode 4:	Design of composite steel and concrete structures
EN 1995	Eurocode 5:	Design of timber structures
EN 1996	Eurocode 6:	Design of masonry structures
EN 1997	Eurocode 7:	Geotechnical design
EN 1998	Eurocode 8:	Design of structures for earthquake resistance
EN 1999	Eurocode 9:	Design of aluminium structures

¹ Agreement between the Commission of the European Communities and the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) concerning the work on EUROCODES for the design of building and civil engineering works (BC/CEN/03/89).