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Fire Behaviour of Building Materials and Building Components

Building Components Definitions, Requirements and Tests

<u>DIN</u> 4102

Brandverhalten von Baustoffen und Bauteilen: Bauteile, Begriffe, Anforderungen und Prüfungen

This Standard has been prepared in the Special Section "Einheitliche Technische Baubestimmungen" (Mandatory Standards concerning Technical Building Regulations) of the Normenausschuss Bauwesen (Standards Committee for Building and Civil Engineering) (NABau). It has been recommended to the Chief Bulding Inspectorates by the Institut für Bautechnik (Institute for Building Technology), Berlin, for introduction in the building code procedure.

This Standard contains the basis for the definitions-by-test of the terms

"feuerhemmend" = fire retardant,

"feuerbeständig" = fire resistant and

"hochfeuerbeständig" = highly fire resistant.

It gives concrete form to the definitions for fire protection technology of the State (regional) Government Building Codes, the associated Implementation Orders and other legal orders and administrative orders concerning fire protection in buildings.

In conjunction with the revision of

- DIN 4102 Part 2 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; definitions, requirements and tests on building components
- DIN 4102 Part 3 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; definitions, requirements and tests on special building components
- DIN 4102 Part 4 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components, allocation to definitions
- and the "Supplementary regulations for DIN 4102" in each case February 1970 issue -

the content of the Standard has also been rearranged:

- DIN 4102 Part 1 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; building materials; definitions, requirements and tests (formerly covered by the supplementary regulations mentioned above)
- DIN 4102 Part 2 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; building components; definitions, requirements and tests
- DIN 4102 Part 3 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; fire walls and non-load-bearing external walls; definitions, requirements and tests
- DIN 4102 Part 4 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; schedule and application of classified building materials, building components and special building components (at present curculating as draft)
- DIN 4102 Part 5 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; fire barriers, barriers in lift wells and glazings resistant against fire; definitions, requirements and tests
- DIN 4102 Part 6 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; ventilation ducts; definitions, requirements and tests
- DIN 4102 Part 7 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; roofings; definitions, requirements and tests
- DIN 4102 Part 8 Fire behaviour of building materials and building components; small scale test furnace (at present circulating as draft)

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Fachtechnisches Übersetzungsinstitut Henry G. Freeman, Düsseldorf

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1	Scope		DIN	I 4074 Part 1	Building timber for wood building
Thi	s Standard lays	down definitions, requirements and			components; quality conditions for
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relating to fire protection technology, such as fire walls, non-load-bearing external walls, fire barriers (doors,					and components; allocation to
		ers etc.), barriers in lift wells, glazings			definitions (February 1970 issue)
of fire resistance category G, ventilation ducts and roof-				l 4102 Part 4	(at present circulating as draft)
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		range, dimensions, weights, permis-	DIV	N 43 710	nozzle orifices Electrical temperature measuring
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-	1 400E D E	values	DIN	N 68 763	Chipboards; flat pressboard for the
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		variations, static values	3	Definitions	
אוט	1 1045	Concrete and reinforced concrete	_		of building components is abareatar
structures; design and construction DIN 1053 Part 1 Masonry; calculation and construc-		izec	The fire behaviour of building components is characterized by the fire resistance time and by other properties listed below		

The fire resistance time is the minimum time in minutes during which a component fulfils the requirements stated in Sections 5.2 to 5.6 in the test according to Section 6. Components are classified into the fire resistance categories according to Section 5 corresponding to their fire resistance time.

4 Proof of fire resistance categories

4.1 With fire tests

The fire resistance category of components must be proved by a test certificate on the basis of tests according to this Standard ¹)²).

The criterion for classification in a fire resistance category is the least favourable result of tests on at least 2 test specimens.

4.2 Without fire tests

The components listed in DIN 4102 Part 4 are to be allocated to the fire resistance category indicated there without proof according to Section 4.1.

5 Fire resistance categories, requirements

5.1 General

The fire resistance categories stated in Table 1 are distinguished.

Table 1. Fire resistance categories F

Fire resistance category	Fire resistance time in minutes		
F 30	≥ 30		
F 60	≥ 60		
F 90	≥ 90		
F 120	≥ 120		
F 180	≥ 180		

5.2 Requirements to be met by components of fire resistance category F 30

- **5.2.1** Separating components must prevent the passage of fire during a test period of not less than 30 minutes. This requirement is deemed not to be fulfilled if, with the test furnace under the pressure described in Section 6.2.5, a pad of cotton wool held against the unexposed side in the test according to Section 6.2.6 is brought to ignition, or if flames occur on the unexposed side.
- **5.2.2** In the test according to Section 6.2.8, the unexposed side shall not undergo a temperature rise of more than 140 K an average above the initial temperature of the test specimen at the start of the test during a test period of not less than 30 minutes; at no measuring point shall a temperature rise of more than 180 K above the initial temperature occur.
- **5.2.3** Separating walls must in addition withstand the impact test according to Section 6.2.9 in such a manner that after a test period of not less than 30 minutes the requirements of Sections 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 remain fulfilled.
- **5.2.4** During a test period of not less than 30 minutes load-bearing components shall not fail under their permissible design load, nor non-load-bearing components under their dead load.

- **5.2.5** Load-bearing walls without separating function shall not fail during a test period of not less than 30 minutes under their permissible design load during a two-side fire attack according to Section 6.2.4. This applies in particular to parts of internal walls, internal walls with openings which are not closed by fire barriers of at least comparable fire resistance category, and to external walls up to 1.0 m wide.
- **5.2.6** In the case of simply supported components, which are stressed entirely or predominantly in bending, the rate of deflection shall not exceed the value.

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta t} = \frac{l^2}{9000 \cdot h}$$

during a test period of not less than 30 minutes. Wherein

l Span in cm

h Static height in cm

 Δ f Change in deflection in cm during a time interval Δ t of one minute

∆t Time interval of one minute

 $\Delta f/\Delta t$ Rate of deflection in cm/min

5.2.7 In the case of steel columns which cannot be tested under their design load, the temperature of steel shall not exceed 500°C at any measuring point.

5.2.8 Components with claddings intended to improve

the fire resistance time must fulfil the requirements according to Sections 5.2.1 to 5.2.7 in this connection. This applies in particular to components with supended ceilings, claddings, facing shells and coatings ¹). If claddings which are unventilated at the rear are tested in conjunction with the standard designs mentioned in Section 7 and if the overall construction fulfils the requirements according to Section 5.2.1 to 5.2.7, then the necessary proof with such cladding including the type of fixing is also deemed to be furnished for all other designs using the same type of component (see Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.3 etc.).

2) If the room situated below a suspended ceiling is required to meet the requirements of escape routes and if such room is bounded by walls reaching to the suspended ceiling which are not dimensioned according to DIN 1053 Part 1 or DIN 1045, then the fitness of the components bounding the escape route cannot be assessed solely according to this Standard; further proofs have to be furnished (e.g. in the context of the granting of a general "bauaufsichtliche Zulassung").

¹⁾ The fitness of coatings, films and similar protective layers which are applied internally on the surface or in the joints of building components and which are only rendered effective by thermal stressing (e.g. intumescent coatings) and of plaster renderings which are necessary for fire protection technology and which are not retained on the component by a suitable backing (e.g. ribbed expanded metal or woven wire cloth) cannot be assessed solely according to this Standard; further proofs have to be provided (e.g. in the context of te granting of a general "bauaufsichtliche Zulassung" (building code licence)).